



Politics Curriculum

St Thomas More High School



	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
	Democracy in the UK	Constitution	Ideologies	
	Pupils will learn to:	Pupils will learn to:	Conservatism:	
	1: How to identify democratic markers in society	1: Assess the sources of constitutional power	Pupils will learn to:	
	2: Explain why there are some issues with democracy	2: Assess the effectiveness of devolution	1: Identify how the ideology developed	
	3: Evaluate whether the UK is a democratic nation	3: Evaluate whether constitutional reform since 1997 has gone far enough	2: Assess the impact of the key thinkers.	
			3: Evaluate how and where the different strands within the ideology agree and disagree	
	Political parties	Parliament		
	1: Assess the features and functions of political parties	1: Understand the relative powers of both Houses.	Liberalism:	
	2: Identify the policy areas of the different parties	2: Assess who dominates the legislative process	Pupils will learn to:	
	3: Evaluate whether the UK still has a two-party system.	3: Evaluate whether backbench MPs play a meaningful role	1: Identify how the ideology developed	
		The Executive	 2: Assess the impact of the key thinkers. 3: Evaluate how and where the different strands within the ideology agree and disagree 	
	Electoral systems	Pupils will learn to:	3: Evaluate now and where the different straints within the ideology agree and disagree	
	Pupils will learn to:	1: Assess the powers of the executive	Socialism:	
	1: Assess the workings impact of the various systems used in the UK	2: Assess the effectiveness of ministerial responsibility	Pupils will learn to:	
	2: Assess how the systems can affect representation	3: Evaluate when and why a PM has power over his/her cabinet	1: Identify how the ideology developed	
	3: Evaluate whether FPTP is fit for purpose	3. Evaluate when and with a Fivi has power over his/her cabinet	2: Assess the impact of the key thinkers.	
	E Transaction III II I	Relationships between the branches	3: Evaluate how and where the different strands within the ideology agree and disagree	
	Voting behaviours	1: Understand the role of the Supreme Court	== ===================================	
	Using case studies of THREE previous elections pupils will learn to:	2: Assess how the relationship between parliament and the executive can change.	Feminism:	
S	1: Assess the growing trend towards traditional dealignment	3: Evaluate where sovereignty lies in the UK	Pupils will learn to:	
<u>:</u>	2: Assess the importance of valance issues in elections		1: Identify how the ideology developed	
Topics	3: Evaluate whether the media has too much influence over election results		2: Assess the impact of the key thinkers.	
\vdash			3: Evaluate how and where the different strands within the ideology agree and disagree	
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Ideologies	
	Democracy and participation	Constitution	Conservatism:	
	1.1 Current systems of representative democracy and direct democracy.	1.1 The nature and sources of the UK Constitution	1. Core ideas and principles of conservatism and how they relate to human	
	1.2 A wider franchise and debates over suffrage.	1.2 How the constitution has changed since 1997	nature, the state, society and the economy	
	1.3 Pressure groups and other influences.	1.3 The role and powers of devolved bodies in the UK, and the impact of this devolution	Differing views and tensions within conservatism	
		on the UK.	Conservative thinkers and their ideas	
	1.4 Rights in context.	1.4 Debates on further reform.	5. Conservative transcript and their ideas	
		1.4 Debates on further reform.	Liberalism:	
	Political parties	Parliament	Core ideas and principles of liberalism and how they relate to human nature,	
	2.1 Political parties.			
	2.2 Established political parties.	2.1 The structure and role of the House of Commons and House of Lords.	the state, society and the economy	
	2.3 Emerging and minor UK political parties.	2.2 The comparative powers of the House of Commons and House of Lords	2. Differing views and tensions within liberalism	
		2.3 The legislative process.	3. Liberal thinkers and their ideas	
	2.4 UK political parties in context	2.4 The ways in which Parliament interacts with the Executive		
	Flactorel contains		Socialism:	
	Electoral systems	The Executive	1. Core ideas and principles of socialism and how they relate to human nature,	
	3.1 Different electoral systems.	3.1 The structure, role, and powers of the Executive	the state, society and the economy	
	3.2 Referendums and how they are used.	3.2 The concept of ministerial responsibility	Differing views and tensions within socialism	
	3.3 Electoral system analysis.	3.3 The Prime Minister and the Cabinet	3. Socialist thinkers and their ideas	
w/link				
7	Voting behaviours	Relationships between the branches	Feminism	
	4.1 Case studies of three key general elections.	4.1 The Supreme Court and its interactions with, and influence over, the legislative and	1. Core ideas and principles of feminism and how they relate to human nature,	
Spec	4.2 The influence of the media	policy-making processes	the state, society and the economy	
5 ر		4.2 The relationship between the Executive and Parliament	Differing views and tensions within feminism	
Exam		4.3 The aims, role and impact of the European Union (EU) on the UK government.	3. Feminist thinkers and their ideas	
Ä		4.4 The location of sovereignty in the UK political system.		
-	Curriculum Skills		1	
	Each topic will cover a range of key political skills such as:			
ц	AO1: Knowledge, key information and recent examples.			
nei	AO2: Explanation and analysis of key political information.			
⊏		onts using recent examples		
Š	AO3: Evaluation of political arguments. How to make substantiated judgements using recent examples			
3e55	The second the second	IIIS.		
Assess	There will be a formal assessment at the end of each topic assessment. These	oc assessments will be based on the above assessment objectives and will use examination so		
Assessment				
	The expectation is that the student will complete written tasks as set out in	the scheme of work for each lesson in the topic.		
E/L Assess		the scheme of work for each lesson in the topic.		



	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	US Constitution	US democracy	Final revision
	Pupils will learn to: 1: Understand the key principles of the US constitution. 2: Assess the advantages and disadvantages of the amendment process 3: Evaluate the strengths and weakness of the constitution 4: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK constitutions US Congress 1: Assess the functions of Congress 2: Assess the significance of parties in Congress 3: Evaluate the effectiveness of Congress in carrying out its roles 4: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK legislatures US Presidency Pupils will learn to: 1: Assess the formal and informal powers of the president 2: Assess when and how the President's power over congress can be limited 3: Evaluate whether a president can be seen as imperial 4: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK executives US Supreme Court 1: Assess the difficulties in interpreting the constitution 2: Evaluate the politicisation of the appointment process	Pupils will learn to: 1: Assess the election process 2: Evaluate whether both the electorate college and campaign finance need reform 3: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK campaign finance and party funding 4: Assess the impact of a two-party system 5: Evaluate whether there are clear divisions over key policy areas 6: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK parties 7: Assess the significance of interest groups 8: Evaluate the impact of interest groups on democracy 9: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK groups Knowledge consolidation and revision UK Politics and Government Pupils will learn to: 1: Master key content and recent examples on: Year 12 topics 2: Plan answers to examination essay questions. 3: Create and follow a revision timetable. 4: Apply a series of revision techniques	
Topics	 3: Evaluate the effectiveness of rights protection 4: Assess the impact of affirmative action 5: Examine the similarities and differences between the US and UK judiciaries 		
	Unit 3 US Comparative study US Constitution 1.1 The nature of the US Constitution 1.2 The key features of the US Constitution and an evaluation of their effectiveness today. 1.3 The main characteristics of US federalism 1.4 Interpretations and debates around the US Constitution and federalism 6.2 Similarities and differences in the UK and USA	US Democracy 5.1 Electoral systems in the USA. 5.2 The key ideas and principles of the Democratic and Republican parties. 5.3 Interest groups in the USA – their significance, resources, tactics and debates about their impact on democracy 5.4. Interpretations and debates of US democracy and participation 6.2 Similarities and differences in the UK and USA	
	US Congress 2.1 The structure of Congress 2.2 The functions of Congress 2.3 Interpretations and debates around Congress 6.2 Similarities and differences in the UK and USA		
Exam Spec w/link	US Presidency 3.1 Formal sources of presidential power as outlined in the US Constitution and their use 3.2 Informal sources of presidential power and their use 3.3 The presidency 3.4 Interpretations and debates of the US presidency. 6.2 Similarities and differences in the UK and USA		

US Supreme Court 4.1 The nature and role of the Supreme Court 4.2 The appointment process for the Supreme Court. 4.3 The Supreme Court and public policy 4.4 The protection of civil liberties and rights in the US today 4.5 Race and rights in contemporary US politics.				
4.6 Interpretations and debates of the US Supreme Court and civil rights.				
6.2 Similarities and differences in the UK and USA				
Curriculum Skills Each topic will cover a range of key political skills such as: A01: Knowledge, key information and recent examples. A02: Explanation and analysis of key political information. A03: Evaluation of political arguments. How to make substantiated judgements using recent examples There will be a formal assessment at the end of each topic assessment. These assessments will be based on the above assessment objectives and will use examination skills.				
	The expectation is that the student will complete written tasks as set out in the scheme of work for each lesson in the topic.			
They will also be expected to undertake independent research around the issues discussed in each topic They are expected to complete the tasks set for AT LEAST two articles from each 'Weekly round-up'				

KS4/ KS5 Exam Spec

Pearson Edexcel A Level Politics 2nd edition: UK Government and Politics, Political Ideas and US Government and Politics: Tuck, David, Jenkins, Sarra, Jefferies, John: Amazon.co.uk: Books